

GALE CENGAGE Learning

Have an account? [Sign In](#) English Tools Oxford High School [Return to Library](#)

PowerSearch

INFOTRAC

HOME PAGE SUBJECT GUIDE SEARCH PUBLICATION SEARCH **ADVANCED SEARCH** ONE SEARCH

Advanced Search
Select index(es) and enter term(s) to search

Keyword Keyword Keyword

And And And

Add a Row Search Assist **On** | [Off](#)

Search Clear

limit results:

☒ to documents with full text
☐ to peer-reviewed publications
☐ to documents with images

by publication date(s):
☒ All Dates ☐ Before ☐ On ☐ After ☐ Between

by document type:
☐ Exclude these document types
 None selected
 Abstract
 Advertisement
 Aerial photograph

[Bookmark this Page](#)

Search Tips
 How to perform an Advanced Search:
 > Enter your search term(s) in the top-most input box
 > Select an index from the drop-down menu (some indexes may be browsed)
 > Optionally select a logical operator (AND, OR, NOT), enter additional search term(s) and select an index -- you may add as many rows as needed by clicking Add a row
 > Optionally enter one or more search limits (if enabled) to limit your search results using the fields found below the search input boxes
 > Optionally enter a date range to find articles published on, before, between or after a date(s)
 > Click the Search button (clicking Reset removes what you have entered and starts over with a blank form)

Select an **“Advanced Search”** using the orange toolbar.

As you type into any input box, the search assist will suggest word(s). You can select a word from the dropdown list or continue typing.

Try selecting from the drop-down menu: **“Keyword”**, then try **“Entire Document”** to get more results or try **“Subject”** or **“Document Title”** to see fewer results. Use another row and connect it with **“AND”** to search for many terms together.

- Enter terms in different ways. Use **synonyms** or related terms (check a thesaurus, skim articles for other terms, look at related subjects given for each article, or change the drop-down index you are searching).
- You will need to perform many searches and continually **refine**/change your terms as you learn more from reading articles
- **Proper nouns** give you more specific results: names of people, places or events
- Consider adding in **“cause”** or **“effect”** to your search terms
- **Wildcard symbols**: Use * after a few letters to search for any word that starts with those letters (ex: teen* will find teen, teens, teenage, teenager, teeny, etc.)

Click on the orange magnifying glass to search.